

Share on your Social Media



# VBA Macros Tutorial for Beginners

Published On: October 10, 2024

# **VBA Macros Tutorial for Beginners**

VBA macros are programs that automate repetitive operations in Microsoft Excel and other applications using the Visual Basic for Applications (VBA) programming language. Learn the fundamentals in this VBA Macros tutorial designed for beginners.

**Download VBA Macros Tutorial PDF** 

# **Introduction to VBA Macros**

VBA Macros automates manual chores by developing custom user-generated routines and using Excel's Visual Basic Application to create automated procedures. We cover the following in this VBA Macros tutorial:

- Overview of VBA Macros
- Applications of VBA Macros
- Using VBA Editor in MS Excel
- VBA Macros Terminologies
- Message Box in VBA Macros
- Error Handling in VBA Macros
- Sample Program in VBA Macros in Excel
- Advantages of VBA Macros

# **Overview of VBA Macros**

Featured Articles



Q

VBA increases the capabilities of some programs. It is frequently used to construct custom forms, automate processes, develop macros, and carry out repetitive operations that may require little or no human participation.

VBA macros are useful for the following purposes:

- Increase the speed of manual tasks: VBA macros can automate processes to minimize human intervention and expedite manual labor.
- **Provide individualized remedies:** Custom functions, toolbars, menus, dialog boxes, and forms can all be made with VBA macros.
- Use the Windows API: The Windows Application Programming Interface (API) can be accessed via VBA.

In Excel, to record a macro, you can:

- Verify that the ribbon's Developer tab is displayed.
- From the Developer tab, choose the Record Macro button.
- Execute the tasks you wish to have automated.

By default, the Record Macro button creates VBA code to replicate your actions. Reshape your career with our **advanced Excel course in Chennai**.

**VBA Macros Interview Questions** 

# **Key Features of VBA Macros**

Macros written in Visual Basic for Applications (VBA) contain numerous important features, such as:

 Automation: Repeated operations like data formatting, report generation, and record updating can be automated with VBA macros. Time can be saved, and there is a lower chance of human error.

### VBA Developer Salary in Chennai

Published On: October 12, 2024

Introduction A VBA Developer focuses on using Visual Basic for Applications to automate tasks and...



## Tableau Developer Salary in Chennai

Published On: October 12, 2024

Introduction A Tableau Developer designs, develops, and maintains dashboards and visualizations using Tableau software. Key...

5

## VMware Tutorial for Cloud Computing Aspirants

Published On: October 12, 2024

VMware Tutorial for Cloud Computing Aspirants VMware software allows you to run a virtual machine...



Published On: October 10, 2024

- **Customization:** To improve the functionality of Office apps, users can write their custom add-ins and functions.
- **Collaboration:** VBA enables communication between various Office apps. One way that users can interact with Outlook is by writing code in Excel.
- User Interface Integration: VBA's user interface integration feature enables users to design unique user forms and interfaces for gathering and organizing user input.
- **Event-driven programming:** When a user clicks a button, opens a workbook, or modifies data in a cell, VBA can react to those events.
- **Debugging:** Debugging is integrated into the Excel VBA editor, enabling users to step through the code and observe what occurs at each level.
- **String manipulation:** VBA has functions for working with strings and numbers, which are helpful when building both basic and sophisticated programs.
- **Error Handling:** VBA's error handling feature alerts users right away when they write incorrect code.

Enroll in our **MS Office training in Chennai** to learn the fundamentals.

# **Applications of VBA Macros**

Office applications can be expanded using the programming language VBA. All it takes to write a macro is one click. Macro applications for Visual Basic for Applications (VBA) can be used for many purposes, such as:

- **Automating repetitive tasks:** Formatting, data cleansing, and report production are just a few of the things that VBA macros can automate.
- **Custom forms and user interfaces** can be made with VBA in order to direct users through procedures and guarantee that data is submitted accurately.

VBA Macros Tutorial for Beginners VBA macros are programs that automate repetitive operations in Microsoft...

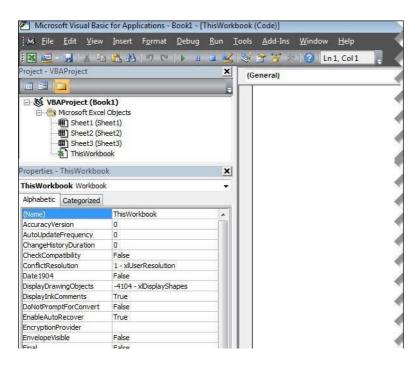
- **Managing databases:** Data entry, query execution, and report creation can all be automated with VBA.
- **Creating custom reports and dashboards:** With just a single click, VBA may be used to build custom reports and dashboards.
- **Email automation:** Email sending and receiving can be automated with VBA.
- **Document management:** The production and formatting of documents can be automated with VBA.
- **Analyzing vast volumes of data:** VBA is capable of handling large-scale data analysis.
- **Model creation and upkeep:** Models can be created and maintained using VBA.
- **Developing investment scenarios:** Investment scenarios can be developed with VBA.

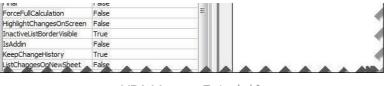
Explore our wide range of **software training <u>courses</u>** to kickstart your career in IT.

# **Using VBA Editor in MS Excel**

Although Visual Basic is a feature-rich programming language, you may start creating apps far more quickly by learning Microsoft Office's VBA programming language instead.

**Step 1:** To open the Excel window, hit "ALT+F11." As seen in the screenshot below, a VBA window opens.

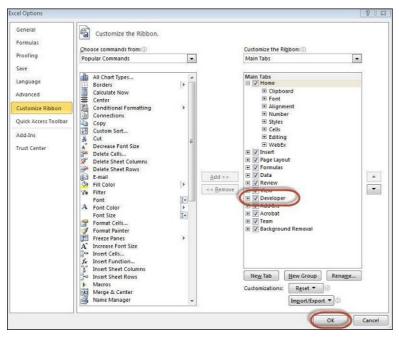




VBA Macros Tutorial 1

**Step 2:** Open Excel 2023 and select the "Developer" menu. Similarly, select File  $\rightarrow$  Options.

**Step 3:** Select the 'Customize the Ribbon' tab and enable 'Developer'. Press "OK."



VBA Macros Tutorial 2

**Step 4:** The menu bar displays the 'Developer'

ribbon.



VBA Macros Tutorial 3

**Step 5:** Open the VBA Editor by clicking the 'Visual Basic' button.

VBA Macros Tutorial 4

**Step 6:** Add a button to begin scripting. Press Insert  $\rightarrow$  Choose the desired button.

VBA Macros Tutorial 5

**Step 7:** Use the right-click menu to select "properties."

VBA Macros Tutorial 6

**Step 8:** As seen in the screenshot below, edit the name and caption.

VBA Macros Tutorial 7

**Step 9:** Double-clicking the button now will cause the sub-procedure outline to appear, as seen in the screenshot below.

VBA Macros Tutorial 8

Step 10: To begin coding, just add a message.

Private Sub say\_helloworld\_Click()

MsgBox "Hi"

End Sub

**Step 11:** Press the button to start the subprocess. The following screenshot displays the sub-procedure's output. Verify that the design mode is activated. If it isn't on, just click it to make it so.

VBA Macros Tutorial 9 People with zero coding expertise can enter into IT through our **web design courses in Chennai**.

VBA Macros Course Syllabus

# **VBA Macros Terminologies**

Familiarize yourself with the Excel VBA terminologies that are frequently used. Since each of these terms will be utilized in later sections, it is crucial to learn them all.

**Modules:** The place where the code is written is in modules.

VBA Macros Tutorial 10

Navigate to Insert → Module to insert a module.
 'module1' is formed once a module is inserted.

#### VBA Macros Tutorial 11

We can write VBA code inside the modules, and that code is written inside a procedure. A sequence of VBA statements that specify actions to take make up a procedure or subprocedure.

**Procedure:** Procedures are collections of statements that are run collectively to give Excel

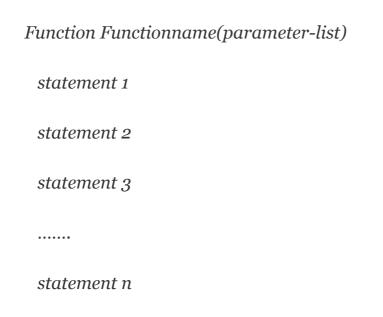
instructions on how to carry out a certain task.

- Either a very basic or a very hard activity can be completed. Nonetheless, it's a good idea to divide up complex processes into simpler ones.
- Sub and Function Procedures are the two primary categories.

VBA Macros Tutorial 12

- **Function:** Anywhere in your application, you can invoke a function, which is a collection of reusable code. As a result, writing the same code repeatedly is no longer necessary.
- This makes it easier for programmers to break up a large program into several smaller, more doable tasks.
- VBA supports writing user-defined functions in addition to the built-in functions, and statements can be inserted between a function and its end.

#### Syntax



# End Function

### Example

Function findArea(Length As Double, Optional Width As Variant)

If IsMissing(Width) Then

findArea = Length \* Length

Else

findArea = Length \* Width

End If

## End Function

- **Sub-Procedures:** Sub-procedures function in a manner akin to functions.
  - Functions might or might not return a value, but subprocedures DO NOT.
  - Subprocedures can be invoked without requiring a call keyword.
  - Sub and End Sub statements surround subprocedures at all times.

While functions might or might not return a value, subroutines DO NOT. It is possible to call subroutines without a call keyword. Sub and End Sub statements surround subroutines at all times.

## Example

Sub Area(x As Double, y As Double)

MsgBox x \* y

End Sub

**Comments:** To facilitate future programming collaboration on the same code, comments are used to record user information and program logic.

It contains details created by and altered, and it

may also contain logic that has been integrated. The interpreter ignores comments during execution.

There are two ways in VBA to indicate comments.

• A single quote (') at the beginning of any statement indicates that it is a comment.

#### Example:

'This script is launched following a successful login.

• Everything that begins with the word "REM"

REM This script was created to verify the input that was entered.

Are you interested in learning analytics? Check out our **<u>digital marketing courses in Chennai</u>** for your exponential career growth.

## **Message Box in VBA Macros**

A message box is displayed by the *MsgBox* function, which then waits for the user to press a button before acting accordingly.

#### Syntax

MsgBox(prompt[,buttons][,title][,helpfile,context])

#### Example

Function MessageBox\_Demo()

'Message Box with just prompt message

MsgBox("Welcome")

'Message Box with title, yes no and cancel Butttons

int a = MsgBox("Do you like blue color?",3,"Choose
options")

' Assume that you press No Button

msgbox ("The Value of a is " & a)

#### End Function

**Step 1:** The previously mentioned function can be called from an Excel worksheet, as seen in the following screenshot, or it can be run by pressing the "Run" button on the VBA window.

VBA Macros Tutorial 13

**Step 2:** A "Welcome" message and an "OK" button appear in a simple message box.

VBA Macros Tutorial 14

**Step 3:** After selecting OK, another dialog box containing a message and buttons labeled "yes," "no," and "cancel" appears.

VBA Macros Tutorial 15

**Step 4:** When the "No" button is clicked, its value (7) is recorded as an integer and presented to the user as a message box, as seen in the screenshot below.

It is possible to determine which button the user has clicked by using this value.



Do you want to learn a simple programming language that brings a promising career? Enroll in our **Python training in Chennai**.

VBA Developer Salary in Chennai

# **Error Handling in VBA Macros**

Programming errors can be classified into three categories: syntax errors, runtime errors, and logical errors.

**Syntax Error:** Syntax errors, also known as parsing errors, happen while VBScript is being interpreted.

For example, the lack of a closing parenthesis in the line that follows results in a syntactic fault.

#### Example

```
Function ErrorHanlding_Demo()
```

dim x,y

x = "SLA"

y = Ucase(x

End Function

**Runtime Errors:** Errors that arise during execution, following interpretation, are referred to as runtime errors or exceptions.

For example, the following line attempts to call fnmultiply, a function that does not exist, even though the syntax is fine. This results in a runtime error.

Function ErrorHanlding\_Demol()

Dim x,y x = 10 y = 20 z = fnadd(x,y) a = fnmultiply(x,y)End Function Function fnadd(x,y) fnadd = x + y

End Function

**Logical Errors:** Finding logical faults can be the hardest kind of error to find.

- Runtime or syntax issues are not the cause of these errors.
- Rather, they arise from errors in the logic underlying your script, which prevent you from getting the desired outcome.

Because the kind of logic you wish to include in your software depends on your business requirements, you are unable to detect those problems.

For example, dividing a value by zero or writing a script that runs endlessly.

# **Error Handling**

Both the ability to enable and disable error-

handling routines is provided by VBA.

Any run-time error that transpires without an On Error statement is fatal; it results in the display of an error message and an abrupt termination of the program.

On Error { GoTo [ line | 0 | -1 ] | Resume Next }

- **Goto line:** Enables the error-handling routine that starts at the line specified in the required line argument.
- **Goto 0:** Resets the current procedure's enabled error handler to Nothing and disables it.
- **Goto -1:** Resets the current procedure's enabled exception to Nothing and disables it.
- **Resume Next:** This specifies that in the event of a run-time error, the execution proceeds from the statement that comes just after the error-causing statement.

### Example

Public Sub OnErrorDemo()

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler 'Enable errorhandling routine.

Dim x, y, z As Integer

x = 50

*y* = 0

z = x / y ' Divide by ZERO Error Raises

ErrorHandler. 'Error-handling routine.

Select Case Err.Number ' Evaluate error number.

Case 10 ' Divide by zero error

MsgBox ("You attempted to divide by zero!")

Case Else

MsgBox "UNKNOWN ERROR - Error# " &

Err.Number & ": " & Err.Description

End Select

Resume Next

End Sub

Learn the fundamentals of computer programming with our <u>C and C++ training in Chennai</u>.

# **Sample Program in VBA Macros in Excel**

Charts based on specific criteria can be created with VBA. Let's examine it with the help of an example.

**Step 1:** Input the data that needs to be used as the basis for the graph.

VBA Macros Tutorial 17

**Step 2:** Make three buttons: one for creating a pie chart, one for creating a bar graph, and one for creating a column chart.

VBA Macros Tutorial 18

**Step 3:** Create a macro to produce all of these kinds of charts.

' Procedure to Generate Pie Chart

Private Sub fn\_generate\_pie\_graph\_Click()

Dim cht As ChartObject

```
For Each cht In Worksheets(1).ChartObjects
```

cht.Chart.Type = xlPie

Next cht

End Sub

' Procedure to Generate Bar Graph

Private Sub fn\_Generate\_Bar\_Graph\_Click()

Dim cht As ChartObject

For Each cht In Worksheets(1).ChartObjects

cht.Chart.Type = xlBar

Next cht

End Sub

' Procedure to Generate Column Graph

Private Sub fn\_generate\_column\_graph\_Click()

Dim cht As ChartObject

For Each cht In Worksheets(1).ChartObjects

cht.Chart.Type = xlColumn

Next cht

End Sub

**Step 4:** The chart is generated after selecting the relevant button. Click the "generate pie chart" button to view the output that follows.

Enhance your automation skills by learning **RPA** courses in Chennai.

# **Advantages of VBA Macros**

There are numerous benefits to using VBA (Visual Basic for Applications) macros, such as:

- **Task automation:** By automating repeated operations, VBA macros can reduce errors and save time. You can create a macro, for instance, to open several files with a single click.
- **Creating user-defined functions:** Microsoft Office products can have user-defined functions built into them due to VBA.
- **Error tracking:** VBA can monitor errors and assist users in timely correction.
- **Simple to learn:** Learning VBA macro programming is thought to be enjoyable and simple.
- Functionality extension: Documents' functionality can be expanded via VBA.
- Enhancing user experience: By including instructions, custom commands, and prompts, VBA macros can lend a more user-friendly feel to documents. When several individuals are working on a document together, this can be really helpful.

**VBA Macros online Training** 

# Conclusion

We hope this VBA Macros tutorial will be helpful for you to understand the fundamentals. By enrolling in our hands-on <u>VBA Macros course in Chennai</u>, you may automate and expedite a variety of operations.



# **Softlogic Academy**

# **Softlogic Systems**

# KK Nagar [Corporate Office]

No.10, PT Rajan Salai, K.K. Nagar, Chennai – 600 078. Landmark: Karnataka Bank Building Phone: <u>+91 86818 84318</u> Email: enquiry@softlogicsys.in Map: <u>Google Maps Link</u>

#### OMR

No. E1-A10, RTS Food Street 92, Rajiv Gandhi Salai (OMR), Navalur, Chennai - 600 130. Landmark: Adj. to AGS Cinemas Phone: <u>+91 89256 88858</u> Email: info@softlogicsys.in Map: <u>Google Maps Link</u>

#### Courses

Python Software Testing Full Stack Developer Java Power Bl Clinical SAS Data Science Embedded

### Navigation

About Us

**Blog Posts** 

Careers

Contact

**Placement Training** 

**Corporate Training** 

Hire With Us

Job Seekers

SLA's Recently Placed Students

Reviews

Sitemap

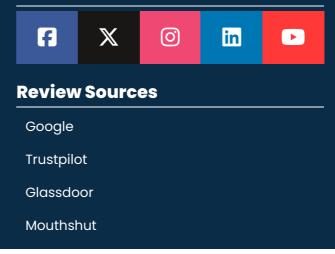
# **Important Links**

Disclaimer

Privacy Policy

Terms and Conditions

#### **Social Media Links**



| Cloud Computing  | Sulekha  |
|--|--|
| Hardware and Networking                                      | Justdial   |
| VBA Macros   | Ambitionbox  |
| Mobile App Development                                       | Indeed   |
| DevOps   | Software Suggest   |
|  | Sitejabber   |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Copyright © 2024 - Softlogic<br>Systems. All Rights Reserved | SLA™ is a trademark of Softlogic Systems, Chennai.<br>Unauthorised use prohibited. |